ORDER OF OPERATIONS

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The **ORDER OF OPERATIONS** establishes the necessary rules so that expressions are evaluated in a consistent way by everyone.

- 1. <u>Circle</u> the terms in the expression. A term is each part (a number, a variable, a product or a quotient of numbers and variables) of the expression that is separated by addition (+) or subtraction (–) symbols <u>unless</u> the sum or difference is inside parentheses.
- 2. <u>Simplify</u> each term until it is one number by:
 - evaluating each exponential number.
 - performing the operations inside the parentheses.
 - multiplying and dividing from left to right.
- 3. Finally, <u>perform</u> all addition and subtraction from left to right.

Example 1

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
- Add the terms going from left to right.

7 + 3.8

$$7 + 24$$

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Example 2

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
 - Evaluate 2².
 - Subtract 2 from 5.
 - Multiply within each term, left to right.
 - Add the numbers.

 $2^2 \cdot 4 + 4(5-2) + 7$

$$4 \cdot 4 + 4(3) + 7$$

$$16 + 12 + 7$$

35

Example 3

• Circle the terms.

 $7 - 9 \div 3^2 + 4(4 + 3) - 7$

$$7 - 9 \div 3^2 + 4(4+3) - 7$$

- Simplify each term until it is one number.
 - Evaluate 3² first.
 - Add 4 + 3 in the parentheses.
 - Multiply and divide left to right in each
 - Add and subtract the numbers from left to right.

$$(7-9 \div 9) + (4(7)) - (7)$$

 $(7) - (1) + (28) - (7)$

27

Example 4

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
 - Subtract the numerator.
 - Evaluate 32.
 - Divide.
 - Add or subtract the numbers from left to right.

$$18 + \frac{12-2}{5} - 3^2 + 18 \div 6$$

$$(18) + (12-2) - (3^2) + (18 \div 6)$$

$$(18) + (10) - (9) + (3)$$

$$18 + 2 - 9 + 3$$

14

Problems

Circle the terms, then simplify each expression.

1.
$$7 \cdot 3 + 5$$

2.
$$8 \div 4 + 3$$

3.
$$2(12-4)+4$$

4.
$$4(9+3)+10 \div 2$$

5.
$$24 \div 3 + 7(9+1) - 4$$

4.
$$4(9+3)+10 \div 2$$
 5. $24 \div 3 + 7(9+1) - 4$ 6. $\frac{12}{3} + 5 \cdot 4^2 - 2(12-5)$

7.
$$\frac{20}{3+2} + 9 \cdot 2 \div 3$$

7.
$$\frac{20}{3+2} + 9 \cdot 2 \div 3$$
 8. $\frac{4+24}{7} + 5^2 - 27 \div 9$ 9. $3^2 + 8 - 16 \div 4^2 \cdot 2$

9.
$$3^2 + 8 - 16 \div 4^2 \cdot 2$$

10.
$$16-4^2+4-2^2$$

11.
$$5(19-3^2)+5\cdot 3-7$$
 12. $(6-2)^2+(8+1)^2$

12.
$$(6-2)^2 + (8+1)^2$$

13.
$$4^2 + 8(2) \div 4 + (6-2)^2$$
 14. $\frac{16}{2^2} + \frac{7 \cdot 3}{7}$

14.
$$\frac{16}{2^2} + \frac{7 \cdot 3}{7}$$

15.
$$3(8-2)^2 + 10 \div 5 - 6 \cdot 5$$

16.
$$18 \div 2 + 7 \cdot 8 \div 2 - (9 - 4)^2$$

17.
$$\frac{24}{3} + 16 - 12 \div 3 - (3+5)^2$$

18.
$$22 \cdot 2 \div 4 - (7+3)^2 + 3(7-2)^2$$
 19. $\left(\frac{22+3}{5}\right)^2 + 4^2 - (2\cdot 3)^2$

19.
$$\left(\frac{22+3}{5}\right)^2 + 4^2 - (2\cdot 3)^2$$

20.
$$5^2 - \left(\frac{40+4}{4}\right)^2 + (3\cdot 4)^2$$