## ORDER OF OPERATIONS

The ORDER OF OPERATIONS establishes the necessary rules so that expressions are evaluated in a consistent way by everyone.

1. Circle the terms in the expression. A term is each part (a number, a variable, a product or a quotient of numbers and variables) of the expression that is separated by addition (+ ) or subtraction ( - ) symbols unless the sum or difference is inside parentheses.
2. Simplify each term until it is one number by:

- evaluating each exponential number.
- performing the operations inside the parentheses.
- multiplying and dividing from left to right.

3. Finally, perform all addition and subtraction from left to right.

## Example 1

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
- Add the terms going from left to right.


## Example 2

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
- Evaluate $2^{2}$.
- Subtract 2 from 5 .
- Multiply within each term, left to right.

- Add the numbers.


## Example 3

- Circle the terms.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7-9 \div 3^{2}+4(4+3)-7 \\
& 7-9 \div 3^{2}+4(4+3)-7
\end{aligned}
$$

- Simplify each term until it is one number.
- Evaluate $3^{2}$ first.
- Add $4+3$ in the parentheses.
- Multiply and divide left to right in each term.
- Add and subtract the numbers from left to right.


## Example 4

- Circle the terms.
- Simplify each term until it is one number.
- Subtract the numerator.
- Evaluate $3^{2}$.
- Divide.

$$
18+\frac{12-2}{5}-3^{2}+18 \div 6
$$

$$
\left(18+\frac{12-2}{5}-3^{2}+18 \div 6\right.
$$

$$
(18)+\frac{10}{5}-(9+3
$$

$$
18+2-9+3
$$

- Add or subtract the numbers from left to right.


## Problems

Circle the terms, then simplify each expression.

1. $7 \cdot 3+5$
2. $8 \div 4+3$
3. $2(12-4)+4$
4. $4(9+3)+10 \div 2$
5. $24 \div 3+7(9+1)-4$
6. $\frac{12}{3}+5 \cdot 4^{2}-2(12-5)$
7. $\frac{20}{3+2}+9 \cdot 2 \div 3$
8. $\frac{4+24}{7}+5^{2}-27 \div 9$
9. $3^{2}+8-16 \div 4^{2} \cdot 2$
10. $16-4^{2}+4-2^{2}$
11. $5\left(19-3^{2}\right)+5 \cdot 3-7$
12. $(6-2)^{2}+(8+1)^{2}$
13. $4^{2}+8(2) \div 4+(6-2)^{2}$
14. $\frac{16}{2^{2}}+\frac{7 \cdot 3}{7}$
15. $3(8-2)^{2}+10 \div 5-6 \cdot 5$
16. $18 \div 2+7 \cdot 8 \div 2-(9-4)^{2}$
17. $\frac{24}{3}+16-12 \div 3-(3+5)^{2}$
18. $22 \cdot 2 \div 4-(7+3)^{2}+3(7-2)^{2}$
19. $\left(\frac{22+3}{5}\right)^{2}+4^{2}-(2 \cdot 3)^{2}$
20. $5^{2}-\left(\frac{40+4}{4}\right)^{2}+(3 \cdot 4)^{2}$
